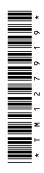


# 3025E, 3032E, 3036E, and 3038E Compact Utility Tractors Diagnostic and Repair Manual

# TECHNICAL MANUAL 3025E PIN (G\_XXXXXXX—), 3032E, 3036E, and 3038E PIN (E\_XXXXXX—) Compact Utility Tractor, Diagnostic and Repair Manual TM127919 20DEC20 (ENGLISH)

#### For complete service information also see:

| 3TNV86, 4TNV86, 3TNV88, and 4TNV88 Diesel<br>Engines (Final Tier 4 Stage IV Platform) | CTM120419 |
|---|-----------|
| 3TNV88F Eco-Gov Diesel Engines (Final Tier 4 Platform)                                | CTM144419 |



#### Introduction

#### **Foreword**

This manual is written for an experienced technician. Essential tools required in performing certain service work are identified in this manual and are recommended for use.

Live with safety: Read the safety messages in the introduction of this manual and the cautions presented throughout the text of the manual.

This is the safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on the machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Technical manuals are divided in two parts: repair and operation and tests. Repair sections tell how to repair the components. Operation and tests sections help you identify the majority of routine failures quickly.

Information is organized in groups for the various components requiring service instruction. At the

beginning of each group are summary listings of all applicable essential tools, service equipment and tools, other materials needed to do the job, service parts kits, specifications, wear tolerances, and torque values.

Technical Manuals are concise guides for specific machines. They are on-the-job guides containing only the vital information needed for diagnosis, analysis, testing, and repair.

Fundamental service information is available from other sources covering basic theory of operation, fundamentals of troubleshooting, general maintenance, and basic type of failures and their causes.

DX,TMIFC -19-13MAY13-1/1

TM127919 (20DEC20) PN=2

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#### **Recognize Safety Information**

This is a safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Follow recommended precautions and safe operating practices.



DX.ALERT -19-29SEP98-1/1

#### **Understand Signal Words**

**DANGER**; The signal word DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

**WARNING**; The signal word WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**CAUTION**; The signal word CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. CAUTION may also be used to alert against unsafe practices associated with events which could lead to personal injury.

A signal word—DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION—is used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards. DANGER or WARNING safety signs are located near specific hazards. General

## **A DANGER**

## **A WARNING**

## **A** CAUTION

TS187 —19—30S

precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs. CAUTION also calls attention to safety messages in this manual.

DX,SIGNAL -19-05OCT16-1/1

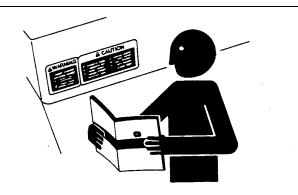
#### **Follow Safety Instructions**

Carefully read all safety messages in this manual and on your machine safety signs. Keep safety signs in good condition. Replace missing or damaged safety signs. Be sure new equipment components and repair parts include the current safety signs. Replacement safety signs are available from your John Deere dealer.

There can be additional safety information contained on parts and components sourced from suppliers that is not reproduced in this operator's manual.

Learn how to operate the machine and how to use controls properly. Do not let anyone operate without instruction.

Keep your machine in proper working condition. Unauthorized modifications to the machine may impair the function and/or safety and affect machine life.



If you do not understand any part of this manual and need assistance, contact your John Deere dealer.

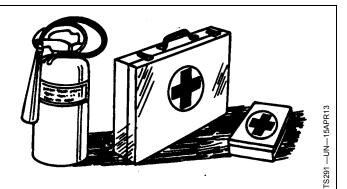
DX,READ -19-16JUN09-1/1

#### **Prepare for Emergencies**

Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.

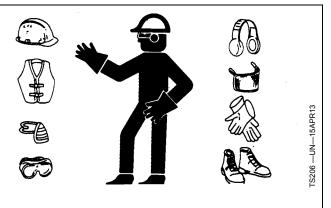


DX,FIRE2 -19-03MAR93-1/1

#### **Wear Protective Clothing**

Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating machine.



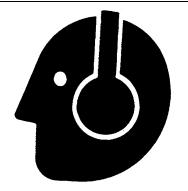
DX,WEAR2 -19-03MAR93-1/1

#### **Protect Against Noise**

There are many variables that affect the sound level range, including machine configuration, condition and maintenance level of the machine, ground surface, operating environmental, duty cycles, ambient noise, and attachments.

Exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing.

Always wear hearing protection. Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.



DX,NOISE -19-03OCT17-1/1

#### Handle Fuel Safely—Avoid Fires

Handle fuel with care: it is highly flammable. Do not refuel the machine while smoking or when near open flame or sparks.

Always stop engine before refueling machine. Fill fuel tank outdoors.

Prevent fires by keeping machine clean of accumulated trash, grease, and debris. Always clean up spilled fuel.

Use only an approved fuel container for transporting flammable liquids.

Never fill fuel container in pickup truck with plastic bed liner. Always place fuel container on ground before refueling. Touch fuel container with fuel dispenser nozzle before removing can lid. Keep fuel dispenser nozzle in contact with fuel container inlet when filling.



Do not store fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light such as within a water heater or other appliance.

DX,FIRE1 -19-12OCT11-1/1

#### **Handle Starting Fluid Safely**

Starting fluid is highly flammable.

Keep all sparks and flame away when using it. Keep starting fluid away from batteries and cables.

To prevent accidental discharge when storing the pressurized can, keep the cap on the container, and store in a cool, protected location.

Do not incinerate or puncture a starting fluid container.

Do not use starting fluid on an engine equipped with glow plugs or an air intake heater.



DX,FIRE3 -19-14MAR14-1/1

#### **Fire Prevention**

To reduce the risk of fire, your tractor should be regularly inspected and cleaned.

- Birds and other animals may build nests or bring other flammable materials into the engine compartment or onto the exhaust system. The tractor should be inspected and cleaned prior to the first use each day.
- A build up of grass, crop material and other debris may occur during normal operation. This is especially true when operating in very dry conditions or conditions where airborne crop material or crop dust is present. Any such build up must be removed to ensure proper machine function and to reduce the risk of fire. The tractor must be inspected and cleaned periodically throughout the day.
- Regular and thorough cleaning of the tractor combined with other routine maintenance procedures listed in the

Operator's Manual greatly reduce the risk of fire and the chance of costly downtime.

- Do not store fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light such as within a water heater or other appliance.
- Check fuel lines, tank, cap, and fittings frequently for damage, cracks or leaks. Replace if necessary.

Follow all operational and safety procedures posted on the machine and the Operator's Manual. Be careful of hot engine and exhaust components during inspection and cleaning. Before carrying out any inspection or cleaning, always shut OFF the engine, place the transmission in PARK or set parking brake, and remove the key. Removal of the key will prevent others from starting the tractor during inspection and cleaning.

DX,WW,TRACTOR,FIRE,PREVENTION -19-12OCT11-1/1

#### In Case of Fire



#### **CAUTION:** Avoid personal injury.

Stop machine immediately at the first sign of fire. Fire may be identified by the smell of smoke or sight of flames. Because fire grows and spreads rapidly, get off the machine immediately and move safely away from the fire. Do not return to the machine! The number one priority is safety.

Call the fire department. A portable fire extinguisher can put out a small fire or contain it until the fire department arrives; but portable extinguishers have limitations. Always put the safety of the operator and bystanders first. If attempting to extinguish a fire, keep your back to the wind with an unobstructed escape path so you can move away quickly if the fire cannot be extinguished.

Read the fire extinguisher instructions and become familiar with their location, parts, and operation before a fire starts. Local fire departments or fire equipment distributors may offer fire extinguisher training and recommendations.

If your extinguisher does not have instructions, follow these general guidelines:



TS227 -- UN-15APR13

- Pull the pin. Hold the extinguisher with the nozzle pointing away from you, and release the locking mechanism.
- 2. Aim low. Point the extinguisher at the base of the fire.
- 3. Squeeze the lever slowly and evenly.
- 4. Sweep the nozzle from side-to-side.

DX,FIRE4 -19-22AUG13-1/1

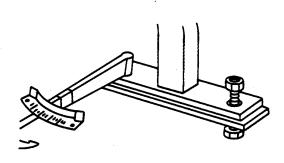
#### **Keep ROPS Installed Properly**

Make certain all parts are reinstalled correctly if the roll-over protective structure (ROPS) is loosened or removed for any reason. Tighten mounting bolts to proper torque.

The protection offered by ROPS will be impaired if ROPS is subjected to structural damage, is involved in an overturn incident, or is in any way altered by welding, bending, drilling, or cutting. A damaged ROPS should be replaced, not reused.

The seat is part of the ROPS safety zone. Replace only with John Deere seat approved for your tractor.

Any alteration of the ROPS must be approved by the manufacturer.



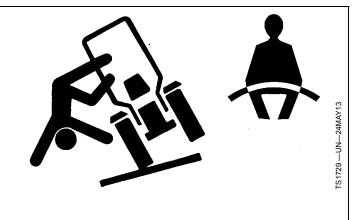
TS212 —UN—23AUG88

DX,ROPS3 -19-12OCT11-1/1

#### **Use Foldable ROPS and Seat Belt Properly**

Avoid crushing injury or death during rollover.

- If this machine is equipped with a foldable rollover protective structure (ROPS), keep the ROPS in the fully extended and locked position. USE a seat belt when you operate with a ROPS in the fully extended position.
- Hold the latch and pull the seat belt across the body.
- Insert the latch into the buckle. Listen for a click.
- Tug on the seat belt to make sure that the belt is securely fastened.
- Snug the seat belt across the hips.
- If this machine is operated with the ROPS folded (for example, to enter a low building), drive with extreme caution. DO NOT USE a seat belt with the ROPS folded.
- Return the ROPS to the raised, fully extended position as soon as the machine is operated under normal conditions.



DX,FOLDROPS -19-22AUG13-1/1

#### Stay Clear of Rotating Drivelines

Entanglement in rotating driveline can cause serious injury or death.

Keep tractor master shield and driveline shields in place at all times. Make sure rotating shields turn freely.

Only use power take-off driveshafts with adequate guards and shields.

Wear close fitting clothing. Stop the engine and be sure that PTO driveline is stopped before making adjustments. connections, or cleaning out PTO driven equipment.

Do not install any adapter device between the tractor and the primary implement PTO driveshaft that will allow a 1000 rpm tractor shaft to power a 540 rpm implement at speeds higher than 540 rpm.

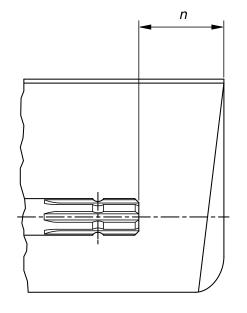
Do not install any adapter device that results in a portion of the rotating implement shaft, tractor shaft, or the adapter to be unguarded. The tractor master shield shall overlap the end of the splined shaft and the added adaptor device as outlined in the table.

The angle at which the primary implement PTO driveshaft can be inclined may be reduced depending on the shape and size of the tractor master shield and the shape and size of the guard of the primary implement PTO driveshaft.

Do not raise implements high enough to damage the tractor master shield or guard of primary implement PTO driveshaft. Detach the PTO driveline shaft if it is necessary to increase implement height. (See Attching/Detaching PTO Driveline)

When using Type 3/4 PTO, inclination and turning angles may be reduced depending on type of PTO master shield and coupling rails.





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IS1644 — UN—22AUG95

| PTO Type | Diameter               | Splines | n ± 5 mm (0.20 in.) |
|----------|------------------------|---------|---------------------|
| 1        | 35 mm (1.378<br>in.)   | 6       | 85 mm (3.35 in.)    |
| 2        | 35 mm (1.378<br>in.)   | 21      | 85 mm (3.35 in.)    |
| 3        | 45 mm (1.772<br>in.)   | 20      | 100 mm (4.00 in.)   |
| 4        | 57.5 mm (2.264<br>in.) | 22      | 100 mm (4.00 in.)   |

DX,PTO -19-28FEB17-1/1

### **Use Steps and Handholds Correctly**

Prevent falls by facing the machine when getting on and off. Maintain 3-point contact with steps, handholds, and handrails.

Use extra care when mud, snow, or moisture present slippery conditions. Keep steps clean and free of grease or oil. Never jump when exiting machine. Never mount or dismount a moving machine.



T133468 -- UN-- 15APR13

DX,WW,MOUNT -19-12OCT11-1/1

#### **Read Operator's Manuals for ISOBUS Controllers**

In addition to GreenStar™ Applications, this display can be used as a display device for any ISOBUS Controller that meets ISO 11783 standard. This includes capability to control ISOBUS implements. When used in this manner, information and control functions placed on the display are provided by the ISOBUS Controller and are the responsibility of the ISOBUS Controller manufacturer.

Some of these functions could pose a hazard to either the operator or a bystander. Read the Operator's Manual provided by the ISOBUS Controller manufacturer and observe all safety messages in manual and on ISOBUS Controller product prior to use.

NOTE: ISOBUS refers to the ISO Standard 11783

GreenStar is a trademark of Deere & Company

DX,WW,ISOBUS -19-15JUL15-1/1

#### **Use Seat Belt Properly**

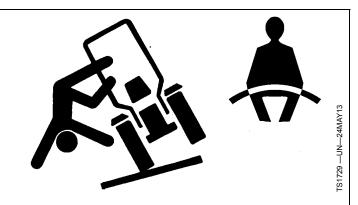
Avoid crushing injury or death during rollover.

This machine is equipped with a rollover protective structure (ROPS). USE a seat belt when you operate with a ROPS.

- Hold the latch and pull the seat belt across the body.
- Insert the latch into the buckle. Listen for a click.
- Tug on the seat belt latch to make sure that the belt is securely fastened.
- Snug the seat belt across the hips.

Replace entire seat belt if mounting hardware, buckle, belt, or retractor show signs of damage.

Inspect seat belt and mounting hardware at least once a year. Look for signs of loose hardware or belt damage, such as cuts, fraying, extreme or unusual wear,



discoloration, or abrasion. Replace only with replacement parts approved for your machine. See your John Deere dealer.

DX,ROPS1 -19-22AUG13-1/1

#### Operating the Tractor Safely

You can reduce the risk of accidents by following these simple precautions:

- Use your tractor only for jobs it was designed to perform, for example, pushing, pulling, towing, actuating, and carrying a variety of interchangeable equipment designed to conduct agricultural work.
- Operators must be mentally and physically capable of accessing the operator's station and/or controls, and operating the machine properly and safely.
- Never operate machine when distracted, fatiqued. or impaired. Proper machine operation requires the operator's full attention and awareness.
- This tractor is not intended to be used as a recreational vehicle.
- Read this operator's manual before operating the tractor and follow operating and safety instructions in the manual and on the tractor.
- Follow operation and ballasting instructions found in the operator's manual for your implements/attachments, such as front loaders.
- · Follow the instructions outlined in the operator's manual of any mounted or trailed machinery or trailer. Do not operate a combination of tractor-machine or tractor-trailer unless all instructions have been followed.
- Make sure that everyone is clear of machine, attached equipment, and work area before starting engine or
- Stay clear of the three-point linkage and pickup hitch (if equipped) when controlling them.
- Keep hands, feet, and clothing away from power-driven

#### **Driving Concerns**

- Never get on or off a moving tractor.
- Complete any required training prior to operating vehicle.
- Keep all children and nonessential personnel off tractors and all equipment.
- Never ride on a tractor unless seated on a John Deere approved seat with a seat belt.
- Keep all shields/guards in place.
- Use appropriate visual and audible signals when operating on public roads.
- Move to side of road before stopping.
- Reduce speed when turning, applying individual brakes, or operating around hazards on rough ground or steep slopes.
- Stability degrades when attached implements are at high position.
- Couple brake pedals together for road travel.

- Pump brakes when stopping on slippery surfaces.
- Regularly clean fenders and fender valances (mud flaps) if installed. Remove dirt before driving on public roadways.

#### **Heated and Ventilated Operator's Seat**

 An overheated seat heater can cause a burn injury or damage to the seat. To reduce the risk of burns, use caution when using the seat heater for extended periods of time, especially if the operator cannot feel temperature change or pain to the skin. Do not place objects on the seat, such as a blanket, cushion, cover, or similar item, which can cause the seat heater to overheat.

#### **Towing Loads**

- Be careful when towing and stopping heavy loads. Stopping distance increases with speed and weight of towed loads, and on slopes. Towed loads with or without brakes that are too heavy for the tractor or are towed too fast can cause loss of control.
- Consider the total weight of the equipment and its load.
- Hitch towed loads only to approved couplings to avoid rearward upset.

#### Parking and Leaving the Tractor

- Before dismounting, shut off SCVs, disengage PTO, stop engine, lower implements/attachments to ground, place implement/attachment control devices in neutral. and securely engage park mechanism, including the park pawl and park brake. In addition, if the tractor is left unattended, remove key.
- Leaving transmission in gear with engine off will NOT prevent the tractor from moving.
- Never go near an operating PTO or an operating implement.
- Wait for all movement to stop before servicing machinery.

#### **Common Accidents**

Unsafe operation or misuse of the tractor can result in accidents. Be alert to hazards of tractor operation.

The most common accidents involving tractors are:

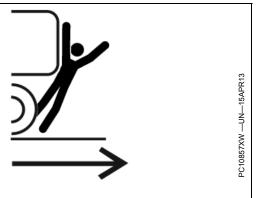
- Tractor rollover
- Collisions with motor vehicles
- Improper starting procedures
- Entanglement in PTO shafts
- Falling from tractor
- Crushing and pinching during hitching

DX,WW,TRACTOR -19-08MAY19-1/1

#### **Avoid Backover Accidents**

Before moving machine, be sure that all persons are clear of machine path. Turn around and look directly for best visibility. Use a signal person when backing if view is obstructed or when in close quarters.

Do not rely on a camera to determine if personnel or obstacles are behind the machine. The system can be limited by many factors including maintenance practices, environmental conditions, and operating range.



DX,AVOID,BACKOVER,ACCIDENTS -19-30AUG10-1/1

#### **Limited Use in Forestry Operation**

The intended use of John Deere tractors when used in forestry operations is limited to tractor-specific applications like transport, stationary work such as log splitting, propulsion, or operating implements with PTO, hydraulic, or electrical systems.

These are applications where normal operation does not present a risk of falling or penetrating objects. Any forestry

applications beyond these applications, such as forwarding and loading, requires fitment of application-specific components including Falling Object Protective Structure (FOPS) and/or Operative Protective Structures (OPS). Contact John Deere dealer for special components.

DX,WW,FORESTRY -19-12OCT11-1/1

#### **Operating the Loader Tractor Safely**

When operating a machine with a loader application, reduce speed as required to ensure good tractor and loader stability.

To avoid tractor rollover and damage to front tires and tractor, do not carry load with your loader at a speed over 10 km/h (6 mph).

To avoid tractor damage do not use a front loader or a sprayer tank if the tractor is equipped with a 3 Meter Front Axle.

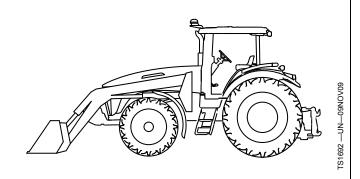
Never allow anyone to walk or work under a raised loader.

Do not use loader as a work platform.

Do not lift or carry anyone on loader, in bucket, or on implement or attachment.

Lower loader to ground before leaving operators station.

The Rollover Protective Structure (ROPS) or cab roof, if equipped, may not provide sufficient protection from load



falling onto the operators station. To prevent loads from falling onto the operators station, always use appropriate implements for specific applications (that is, manure forks, round bale forks, round bale grippers, and clampers).

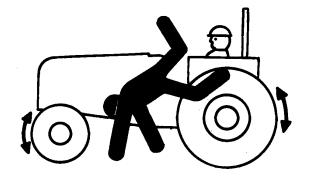
Ballast tractor in accordance to Ballast Recommendations in PREPARE TRACTOR section.

DX,WW,LOADER -19-18SEP12-1/1

#### **Keep Riders Off Machine**

Only allow the operator on the machine. Keep riders off.

Riders on machine are subject to injury such as being struck by foreign objects and being thrown off of the machine. Riders also obstruct the operator's view resulting in the machine being operated in an unsafe manner.



#### **Instructional Seat**

The instructional seat, if so equipped, has been provided only for training operators or diagnosing machine problems.



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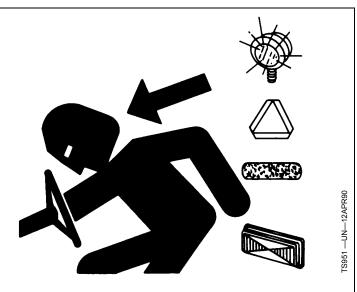
1S290 —UN—23AUG88

DX,SEAT,NA -19-22AUG13-1/1

#### **Use Safety Lights and Devices**

Prevent collisions between other road users, slow moving tractors with attachments or towed equipment, and self-propelled machines on public roads. Frequently check for traffic from the rear, especially in turns, and use turn signal lights.

Use headlights, flashing warning lights, and turn signals day and night. Follow local regulations for equipment lighting and marking. Keep lighting and marking visible, clean, and in good working order. Replace or repair lighting and marking that has been damaged or lost. An implement safety lighting kit is available from your John Deere dealer.



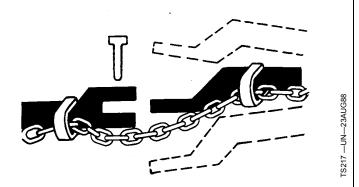
DX,FLASH -19-07JUL99-1/1

#### **Use a Safety Chain**

A safety chain will help control drawn equipment should it accidentally separate from the drawbar.

Using the appropriate adapter parts, attach the chain to the tractor drawbar support or other specified anchor location. Provide only enough slack in the chain to permit turning.

See your John Deere dealer for a chain with a strength rating equal to or greater than the gross weight of the towed machine. Do not use safety chain for towing.



DX,CHAIN -19-03MAR93-1/1

#### **Transport Towed Equipment at Safe Speeds**

Do not exceed the maximum transport speed. This towing unit may be capable of operating at transport speeds that exceed the maximum allowable transport speed for towed implements.

Before transporting a towed implement, determine from signs on the implement or information provided in the implement's operator manual the maximum transport speed. Never transport at speeds that exceed the implement's maximum transport speed. Exceeding the implement's maximum transport speed can result in:

- Loss of control of the towing unit/implement combination
- Reduced or no ability to stop during braking
- Implement tire failure
- Damage to the implement structure or its components

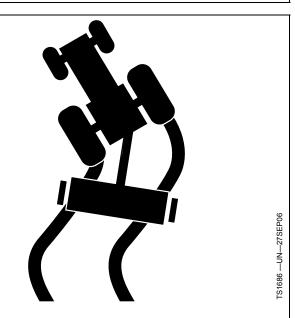
Implements shall be equipped with brakes if the maximum fully loaded weight is greater than 1500 kg (3307 lbs) and greater than 1.5 times the weight of the towing unit.

Example: Implement mass is 1600 kg (3527 lbs) and towing unit mass is 1600 kg (3527 lbs), example implement is not required to have brakes.

**Implements without brakes:** Do not transport at speeds greater than 32 km/h (20 mph).

#### Implements with brakes:

- If the manufacturer does not specify a maximum transport speed, do not tow at speeds greater than 40 km/h (25 mph).
- When transporting at speeds up to 40 km/h (25 mph) the fully loaded implement must weigh less than 4.5 times the towing unit weight.



 When transporting at speeds between 40—50 km/h (25—31 mph) the fully loaded implement must weigh less than 3.0 times the towing unit weight.

When towing a trailer, become familiar with the braking characteristics and ensure the compatibility of the tractor/trailer combination in regard to the deceleration rate.

DX,TOW1 -19-28FEB17-1/1

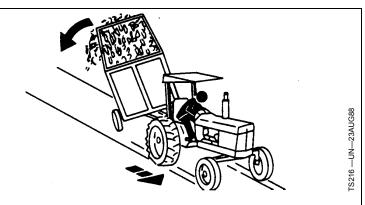
#### **Towing Trailers/Implements Safely**

Stopping distance increases with speed and mass of trailer/implement, and when transporting on slopes. Towed mass with or without brakes that is too heavy for the tractor or is towed too fast can cause loss of control. Consider the total weight of the equipment and its load.

When towing a trailer, become familiar with the braking characteristics and ensure the compatibility of the tractor/trailer combination in regard to the deceleration

Stay clear of area between tractor and trailed vehicle.

| Trailer/Implement Brake System | Top Speed            |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Unbraked                       | 25 km/h (15.5 mph)   |
| Independent                    | 25 km/h (15.5 mph)   |
| Overrun brake                  | 25 km/h (15.5 mph)   |
| Single-line hydraulic brake    | 25 km/h (15.5 mph)   |
| Dual-line hydraulic brake      | 40 km/h (25 mph)     |
| Single-line air brake          | 25 km/h (15.5 mph)   |
| Dual-line air brake            | Maximum design speed |



There may be legal limits in force that restrict travel speeds to figures lower than those quoted here.

Use additional caution when towing loads under adverse surface conditions, when turning, and on inclines.

DX.TOW3.EU -19-28FEB17-1/1

#### Use Caution on Slopes, Uneven Terrain, and **Rough Ground**

Avoid holes, ditches, and obstructions which cause the tractor to tip, especially on slopes. Avoid sharp uphill turns.

Driving forward out of a ditch, mired condition, or up a steep slope could cause the tractor to tip over rearward. Back out of these situations if possible.

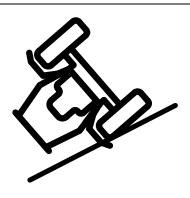
Danger of overturn increases greatly with narrow tread setting, at high speed.

Not all conditions that can cause a tractor to overturn are listed. Be alert for any situation in which stability may be compromised.

Slopes are a major factor related to loss-of-control and tip-over accidents, which can result in severe injury or death. Operation on all slopes requires extra caution.

Uneven terrain or rough ground can cause loss-of-control and tip-over accidents, which can result in severe injury or death. Operation on uneven terrain or rough ground requires extra caution.

Never drive near the edge of a gully, drop-off, ditch, steep embankment, or a body of water. The machine could suddenly roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or the ground caves in



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Choose a low ground speed so you will not have to stop or shift while on a slope.

Avoid starting, stopping, or turning on a slope. If the tires lose traction, disengage the PTO and proceed slowly, straight down the slope.

Keep all movement on slopes slow and gradual. Do not make sudden changes in speed or direction, which could cause the machine to roll over.

DX,WW,SLOPE -19-28FEB17-1/1

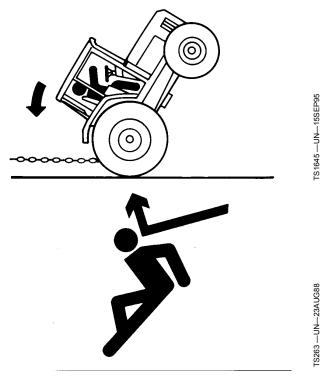
#### Freeing a Mired Machine

Attempting to free a mired machine can involve safety hazards such as the mired tractor tipping rearward, the towing tractor overturning, and the tow chain or tow bar (a cable is not recommended) failing and recoiling from its stretched condition.

Back your tractor out if it gets mired down in mud. Unhitch any towed implements. Dig mud from behind the rear wheels. Place boards behind the wheels to provide a solid base and try to back out slowly. If necessary, dig mud from the front of all wheels and drive slowly ahead.

If necessary to tow with another unit, use a tow bar or a long chain (a cable is not recommended). Inspect the chain for flaws. Make sure all parts of towing devices are of adequate size and strong enough to handle the load.

Always hitch to the drawbar of the towing unit. Do not hitch to the front pushbar attachment point. Before moving, clear the area of people. Apply power smoothly to take up the slack: a sudden pull could snap any towing device causing it to whip or recoil dangerously.



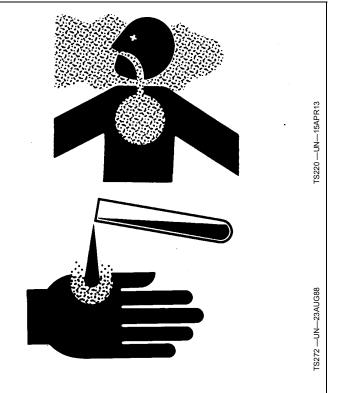
DX,MIRED -19-07JUL99-1/1

#### **Avoid Contact with Agricultural Chemicals**

This enclosed cab does not protect against inhaling vapor, aerosol or dust. If pesticide use instructions require respiratory protection, wear an appropriate respirator inside the cab.

Before leaving the cab, wear personal protective equipment as required by the pesticide use instructions. When re-entering the cab, remove protective equipment and store either outside the cab in a closed box or some other type of sealable container or inside the cab in a pesticide resistant container, such as a plastic bag.

Clean your shoes or boots to remove soil or other contaminated particles prior to entering the cab.



DX,CABS -19-25MAR09-1/1

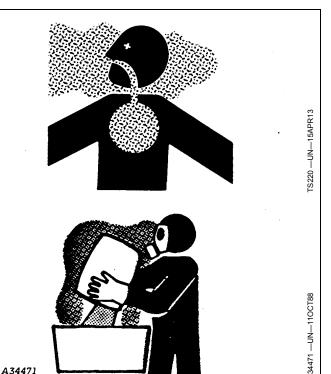
#### Handle Agricultural Chemicals Safely

Chemicals used in agricultural applications such as fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, pesticides, rodenticides, and fertilizers can be harmful to your health or the environment if not used carefully.

Always follow all label directions for effective, safe, and legal use of agricultural chemicals.

Reduce risk of exposure and injury:

- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as recommended by the manufacturer. In the absence of manufacturer's instructions, follow these general guidelines:
  - Chemicals labeled 'Danger': Most toxic. Generally require use of goggles, respirator, gloves, and skin protection.
  - Chemicals labeled 'Warning': Less toxic. Generally require use of goggles, gloves, and skin protections.
  - Chemicals labeled **'Caution'**: Least toxic. Generally require use of gloves and skin protection.
- Avoid inhaling vapor, aerosol or dust.
- Always have soap, water, and towel available when working with chemicals. If chemical contacts skin, hands, or face, wash immediately with soap and water. If chemical gets into eyes, flush immediately with water.
- Wash hands and face after using chemicals and before eating, drinking, smoking, or urination.
- Do not smoke or eat while applying chemicals.
- After handling chemicals, always bathe or shower and change clothes. Wash clothing before wearing again.
- Seek medical attention immediately if illness occurs during or shortly after use of chemicals.
- Keep chemicals in original containers. Do not transfer chemicals to unmarked containers or to containers used for food or drink.



- Store chemicals in a secure, locked area away from human or livestock food. Keep children away.
- Always dispose of containers properly. Triple rinse empty containers and puncture or crush containers and dispose of properly.

DX,WW,CHEM01 -19-24AUG10-1/1

#### **Handling Batteries Safely**

Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks and flames away from batteries. Use a flashlight to check battery electrolyte

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a voltmeter or hydrometer.

Always remove grounded (-) battery clamp first and replace grounded clamp last.

Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous and strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into eyes.

#### Avoid hazards by:

- Filling batteries in a well-ventilated area
- Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves
- Avoiding use of air pressure to clean batteries
- Avoiding breathing fumes when electrolyte is added
- Avoiding spilling or dripping electrolyte
- Using correct battery booster or charger procedure.

#### If acid is spilled on skin or in eyes:

- 1. Flush skin with water.
- 2. Apply baking soda or lime to help neutralize the acid.
- 3. Flush eyes with water for 15—30 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

#### If acid is swallowed:

- 1. Do not induce vomiting.
- 2. Drink large amounts of water or milk, but do not exceed 2 L (2 qt.).
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

WARNING: Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.



DX,WW,BATTERIES -19-02DEC10-1/1

#### **Avoid Heating Near Pressurized Fluid Lines**

Flammable spray can be generated by heating near pressurized fluid lines, resulting in severe burns to yourself and bystanders. Do not heat by welding, soldering, or using a torch near pressurized fluid lines or other flammable materials. Pressurized lines can accidentally burst when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area.



DX,TORCH -19-10DEC04-1/1

#### Remove Paint Before Welding or Heating

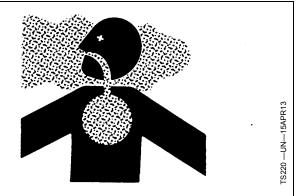
Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust.

Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch.

Remove paint before heating:

- Remove paint a minimum of 100 mm (4 in.) from area to be affected by heating. If paint cannot be removed, wear an approved respirator before heating or welding.
- If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator.
- If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

Do not use a chlorinated solvent in areas where welding will take place.



Do all work in an area that is well ventilated to carry toxic fumes and dust away.

Dispose of paint and solvent properly.

DX,PAINT -19-24JUL02-1/1

#### **Handle Electronic Components and Brackets** Safely

Falling while installing or removing electronic components mounted on equipment can cause serious injury. Use a ladder or platform to easily reach each mounting location. Use sturdy and secure footholds and handholds. Do not install or remove components in wet or icy conditions.

If installing or servicing a RTK base station on a tower or other tall structure, use a certified climber.

If installing or servicing a global positioning receiver mast used on an implement, use proper lifting techniques and wear proper protective equipment. The mast is heavy and can be awkward to handle. Two people are required when mounting locations are not accessible from the ground or from a service platform.



#### **Practice Safe Maintenance**

Understand service procedure before doing work. Keep area clean and dry.

Never lubricate, service, or adjust machine while it is moving. Keep hands, feet, and clothing away from power-driven parts. Disengage all power and operate controls to relieve pressure. Lower equipment to the ground. Stop the engine. Remove the key. Allow machine to cool.

Securely support any machine elements that must be raised for service work.

Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed. Fix damage immediately. Replace worn or broken parts. Remove any buildup of grease, oil, or debris.

On self-propelled equipment, disconnect battery ground cable (-) before making adjustments on electrical systems or welding on machine.

On towed implements, disconnect wiring harnesses from tractor before servicing electrical system components or welding on machine.

Falling while cleaning or working at height can cause serious injury. Use a ladder or platform to easily reach each location. Use sturdy and secure footholds and handholds.



DX,SERV -19-28FEB17-1/1

#### **Avoid Hot Exhaust**

Servicing machine or attachments with engine running can result in serious personal injury. Avoid exposure and skin contact with hot exhaust gases and components.

Exhaust parts and streams become very hot during operation. Exhaust gases and components reach temperatures hot enough to burn people, ignite, or melt common materials.





DX,EXHAUST -19-20AUG09-1/1

#### Clean Exhaust Filter Safely

During exhaust filter cleaning operations, the engine may run at elevated idle and hot temperatures for an extended period of time. Exhaust gases and exhaust filter components reach temperatures hot enough to burn people, or ignite or melt common materials.

Keep machine away from people, animals, or structures which may be susceptible to harm or damage from hot exhaust gases or components. Avoid potential fire or explosion hazards from flammable materials and vapors near the exhaust. Keep exhaust outlet away from people and anything that can melt, burn, or explode.

Closely monitor machine and surrounding area for smoldering debris during and after exhaust filter cleaning.

Adding fuel while an engine is running can create a fire or explosion hazard. Always stop engine before refueling machine and clean up any spilled fuel.

Always make sure that engine is stopped while hauling machine on a truck or trailer.

Contact with exhaust components while still hot can result in serious personal injury.

Avoid contact with these components until cooled to safe temperatures.

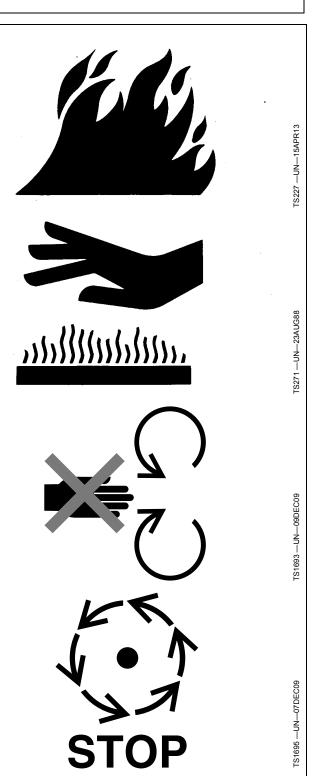
If service procedure requires engine to be running:

- Only engage power-driven parts required by service procedure
- Ensure that other people are clear of operator station and machine

Keep hands, feet, and clothing away from power-driven parts.

Always disable movement (neutral), set the parking brake or mechanism and disconnect power to attachments or tools before leaving the operator's station.

Shut off engine and remove key (if equipped) before leaving the machine unattended.

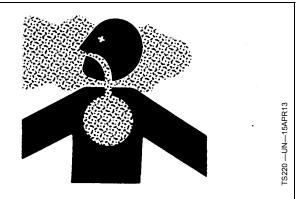


DX,EXHAUST,FILTER -19-12JAN11-1/1

#### Work In Ventilated Area

Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area. remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension.

If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, open the doors and get outside air into the area.



DX,AIR -19-17FEB99-1/1

#### **Support Machine Properly**

Always lower the attachment or implement to the ground before you work on the machine. If the work requires that the machine or attachment be lifted, provide secure support for them. If left in a raised position, hydraulically supported devices can settle or leak down.

Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load. Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack. Follow recommended procedures in this manual.

When implements or attachments are used with a machine, always follow safety precautions listed in the implement or attachment operator's manual.



DX LOWER -19-24FEB00-1/1

#### **Prevent Machine Runaway**

Avoid possible injury or death from machinery runaway.

Do not start engine by shorting across starter terminals. Machine will start in gear if normal circuitry is bypassed.

NEVER start engine while standing on ground. Start engine only from operator's seat, with transmission in neutral or park.

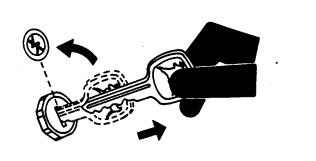


DX,BYPAS1 -19-29SEP98-1/1

#### **Park Machine Safely**

Before working on the machine:

- Lower all equipment to the ground.
- Stop the engine and remove the key.
- Disconnect the battery ground strap.
- Hang a "DO NOT OPERATE" tag in operator station.



DX,PARK -19-04JUN90-1/1

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#### **Transport Tractor Safely**

A disabled tractor is best transported on a flatbed carrier. Use chains to secure the tractor to the carrier. The axles and tractor frame are suitable attachment points.

Before transporting the tractor on a low-loader truck or flatbed rail wagon, make sure that the hood is secured over the tractor engine and that doors, roof hatch (if equipped) and windows are properly closed.

Never tow a tractor at a speed greater than 10 km/h (6 mph). An operator must steer and brake the tractor under tow.



DX,WW,TRANSPORT -19-19AUG09-1/1

#### **Service Cooling System Safely**

Explosive release of fluids from pressurized cooling system can cause serious burns.

Shut off engine. Only remove filler cap when cool enough to touch with bare hands. Slowly loosen cap to first stop to relieve pressure before removing completely.



-UN-15APR13

DX,WW,COOLING -19-19AUG09-1/1

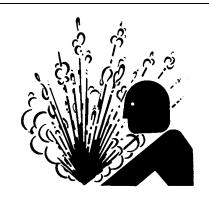
#### **Service Accumulator Systems Safely**

Escaping fluid or gas from systems with pressurized accumulators that are used in air conditioning, hydraulic, and air brake systems can cause serious injury. Extreme heat can cause the accumulator to burst, and pressurized lines can be accidentally cut. Do not weld or use a torch near a pressurized accumulator or pressurized line.

Relieve pressure from the pressurized system before removing accumulator.

Relieve pressure from the hydraulic system before removing accumulator. Never attempt to relieve hydraulic system or accumulator pressure by loosening a fitting.

Accumulators cannot be repaired.



DX,WW,ACCLA2 -19-22AUG03-1/1

#### Service Tires Safely

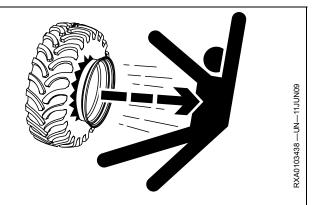
Explosive separation of a tire and rim parts can cause serious injury or death.

Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to perform the job.

Always maintain the correct tire pressure. Do not inflate the tires above the recommended pressure. Never weld or heat a wheel and tire assembly. The heat can cause an increase in air pressure resulting in a tire explosion. Welding can structurally weaken or deform the wheel.

When inflating tires, use a clip-on chuck and extension hose long enough to allow you to stand to one side and NOT in front of or over the tire assembly. Use a safety cage if available.

Check wheels for low pressure, cuts, bubbles, damaged rims, or missing lug bolts and nuts.

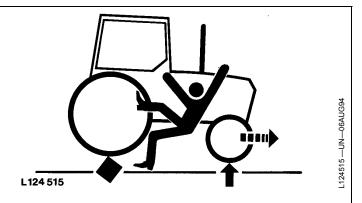


Wheels and tires are heavy. When handling wheels and tires use a safe lifting device or get an assistant to help lift, install, or remove.

DX.WW.RIMS -19-28FEB17-1/1

#### **Service Front-Wheel Drive Tractor Safely**

When servicing front-wheel drive tractor with the rear wheels supported off the ground and rotating wheels by engine power, always support front wheels in a similar manner. Loss of electrical power or transmission hydraulic system pressure will engage the front driving wheels, pulling the rear wheels off the support if front wheels are not raised. Under these conditions, front drive wheels can engage even with switch in disengaged position.



DX,WW,MFWD -19-19AUG09-1/1

#### Tightening Wheel Retaining Bolts/Nuts

Torque wheel retaining bolts/nuts at the intervals specified in section Break-In Period and Service.



DX,WW,WHEEL -19-12OCT11-1/1

L124516 —UN—03JAN95

#### **Avoid High-Pressure Fluids**

Inspect hydraulic hoses periodically - at least once per year - for leakage, kinking, cuts, cracks, abrasion, blisters, corrosion, exposed wire braid or any other signs of wear or damage.

Replace worn or damaged hose assemblies immediately with John Deere approved replacement parts.

Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines. Tighten all connections before applying pressure.

Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard. Protect hands and body from high-pressure fluids.

If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result. Doctors unfamiliar



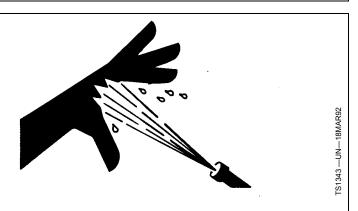
with this type of injury should reference a knowledgeable medical source. Such information is available in English from Deere & Company Medical Department in Moline, Illinois, U.S.A., by calling 1-800-822-8262 or +1 309-748-5636.

DX,FLUID -19-12OCT11-1/1

#### Do Not Open High-Pressure Fuel System

High-pressure fluid remaining in fuel lines can cause serious injury. Do not disconnect or attempt repair of fuel lines, sensors, or any other components between the high-pressure fuel pump and nozzles on engines with High Pressure Common Rail (HPCR) fuel system.

Only technicians familiar with this type of system can perform repairs. (See your John Deere dealer.)



DX,WW,HPCR1 -19-07JAN03-1/1

#### **Store Attachments Safely**

Stored attachments such as dual wheels, cage wheels, and loaders can fall and cause serious injury or death.

Securely store attachments and implements to prevent falling. Keep playing children and bystanders away from storage area.



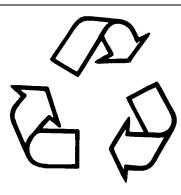
3219 —UN—23/

DX.STORE -19-03MAR93-1/1

# Decommissioning — Proper Recycling and Disposal of Fluids and Components

Safety and environmental stewardship measures must be taken into account when decommissioning a machine and/or component. These measures include the following:

- Use appropriate tools and personal protective equipment such as clothing, gloves, face shields or glasses, during the removal or handling of objects and materials
- Follow instructions for specialized components.
- Release stored energy by lowering suspended machine elements, relaxing springs, disconnecting the battery or other electrical power, and releasing pressure in hydraulic components, accumulators, and other similar systems.
- Minimize exposure to components which may have residue from agricultural chemicals, such as fertilizers and pesticides. Handle and dispose of these components appropriately.
- Carefully drain engines, fuel tanks, radiators, hydraulic cylinders, reservoirs, and lines before recycling components. Use leak-proof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers.
- Do not pour waste fluids onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source.
- Observe all national, state, and local laws, regulations, or ordinances governing the handling or disposal of waste fluids (example: oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid);



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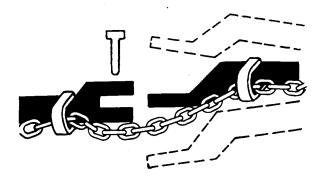
filters; batteries; and, other substances or parts. Burning of flammable fluids or components in other than specially designed incinerators may be prohibited by law and could result in exposure to harmful fumes or ashes.

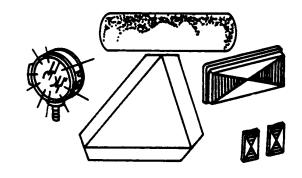
- Service and dispose of air conditioning systems appropriately. Government regulations may require a certified service center to recover and recycle air conditioning refrigerants which could damage the atmosphere if allowed to escape.
- Evaluate recycling options for tires, metal, plastic, glass, rubber, and electronic components which may be recyclable, in part or completely.
- Contact your local environmental or recycling center, or your John Deere dealer for information on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste.

DX,DRAIN -19-01JUN15-1/1

Safety

#### **Deliver Safely**





.S949 —UN—22MAR90

The best method for delivering tractors, self-propelled equipment, and most implements or attachments is on a flatbed truck or trailer. Secure loads with tie down chains, straps, and binders.

Be aware of height and width restrictions to avoid collision with overpasses, bridge abutments, or other road users. Check with local authorities regarding oversized load transport restrictions and requirements.

When towing, remember that towed loads can swerve. upset or cause loss of control when towed with an undersized towing unit.

Never tow an implement behind a truck or other motor vehicle. The ability to maintain control and brake the implement and vehicle mass is compromised. The ability to properly attach the implement hitch and safety chain to the motor vehicle may be marginal. With most motor vehicles it is not possible to properly operate the warning. tail and turn signal lights on the implement, and in most cases the implement tires are not rated for highway

Tow drawn implements only with a properly sized and weighted tractor equipped with a stationary drawbar. (See tractor operator's manual for ballast requirements.)

Integral and semi-integral implements should be attached to a tractor with a three-point hitch as specified in the implement operator's manual. The tractor should have

the proper size rear tires and the sway blocks should be in the down position. Do not transport unless the tractor front end is ballasted to the weight levels specified in the tractor operator's manual for the correct implement code.

Before transporting, attach a properly sized safety tow chain between the implement and tractor.

Stopping distance increases with speed and weight of towed loads, and when transporting on slopes. Observe these recommended maximum road speeds, or local speed limits that may be lower:

- If towed equipment does not have brakes, do not transport at speeds above 32 km/h (20 mph) and do not tow loads that weigh more than 1.5 times the weight of the tractor.
- If the towed equipment has brakes, do not transport at speeds above 40 km/h (25 mph) and do not tow loads more than 4.5 times the weight of the tractor.

Use additional caution and reduce speed when towing under adverse surface conditions, when turning, and when on inclines.

Attach the implement lighting harness to the tractor and make sure that the warning and taillights on both the tractor and implement are on and functioning properly.

Make sure that the SMV and other markings on the implement are clean and visible.

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#### Information Available in Sections, Groups and Subgroups

IMPORTANT: Troubleshoot the equipment one problem at a time. Repairing one system problem could solve a problem in several systems.

NOTE: If it is determined that a problem is not in a specific section (system), the diagnostic procedure references another, more appropriate section.

Each section identifies a major category or system. Sections ending in the number nine contain connector information, component identification, and location photographs for the various systems. For example, Section 249 contains electrical connector and component information and Section 279 contains hydraulic component identification and location.

Within each section, the manual is divided into groups and subgroups with blocks of information.

Groups 05 contain general information, specifications, standard symbols, or other information not associated with a specific system.

Groups 10 contain reference material utilized in diagnostic routines. Groups 10 contain the following information:

- Observable Symptoms/System Diagnostics
- Calibration Procedures
- Preliminary Checks
- Operational Checks
- Tests and Adjustments

Groups 20 contain THEORY OF OPERATION. The theory of operation gives a quick look at what the system does and more detailed information about how the system operates.

Groups 30 contain SCHEMATICS. The schematic is a graphical representation of the system, components, and layout. Each component represented on the schematic has a unique name and designator used for identifying parts in the diagnostic routine. These names could be different than the names used in conversation or in marketing literature.

Groups 50 contain DIAGNOSTIC ROUTINES. The diagnostic procedures provide detailed step-by-step instructions to help isolate failed components.

DX,TM,SEC,GRP -19-11MAY11-1/1

## **Glossary of Terms**

| ITEM  | ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION  |
|---|--------------|--|
| Accessory                                     | ACC          | Secondary electrical system  |
| Air Conditioning                              | A/C          | System used for cooling the air in the cab   |
| Alternating Current                           | AC           | Electrical current that reverses its direction at regularly recurring intervals    |
| Battery                                       | Bat          | A device used to furnish electrical current  |
| Brakes  | BR           | Abbreviation   |
| Charge Air Cooler                             | CAC          | A device used for cooling compressed intake air                                    |
| Controller Area Network                       | CAN          | A communication system linking on-board electronics                                |
| Chassis Control Unit                          | CCU          | Computerized system for tractor monitoring   |
| Circuit                                       | CCT          | A complete path of an electrical current   |
| Clockwise                                     | CW           | Direction in which the hands of a clock rotate                                     |
| Cold Cranking Amperes                         | CCA          | Battery's measured capability to perform during cold-weather operation             |
| Component Technical Manual                    | CTM          | Technical manual developed for the servicing of major components                   |
| Counterclockwise                              | CCW          | Direction opposite the rotation of the hands of a clock                            |
| Diagnostic Receptacle                         | DR           | A connection where hydraulic pressure can be measured                              |
| Digital Multimeter                            | DMM          | An electrical multi-functional measuring device                                    |
| Direct Current                                | DC           | Electrical current flowing in one direction only                                   |
| Diesel Particulate Filter                     | DPF          | Portion of the exhaust filter  |
| Engine Control Unit                           | ECU          | Electronic device used to house computerized system that controls engine functions |
| Exhaust Gas Recirculation                     | EGR          | Engine emission  |
| Electrohydraulic                              | EH           | Hydraulic valve function that is controlled electrically                           |
| Electronic Components Relay                   | ELX          | Relay powering most of the electronic components                                   |
| Open Operator Station                         | oos          | Abbreviation   |
| Forward                                       | FWD          | Direction of movement  |
| Forward-Neutral-Reverse                       | FNR          | Abbreviation   |
| Gallons per Minute                            | gpm          | Amount of fluid displaced over a period of one minute                              |
| Heating, Ventilating, and Air<br>Conditioning | HVAC         | Abbreviation   |
| High-Pressure Common Rail                     | HPCR         | Abbreviation   |
| Hitch Control Unit                            | HCU          | Computerized system used to control hitch functions                                |
| Housing                                       | Hsg          | Abbreviation   |
| Hydrostatic Transmission                      | HST          | Computerized system used to control hydrostatic transmission functions             |
| Hydraulic Trailer Brake                       | HTB          | Abbreviation   |
| Ignition                                      | IGN          | Control for starting and stopping the tractor                                      |
| Inside Diameter                               | ID           | Abbreviation   |
| Instrument Cluster Control Unit               | ICC          | Computerized system used to control instrument cluster functions                   |
| International Standards<br>Organization       | ISO          | Standards organization   |
| Joint Industry Council Organization           | JIC          | Standards organization   |
| Left-Hand                                     | LH or L-H    | Abbreviation   |
| Liquid Crystal Display                        | LCD          | A technology used for displaying information                                       |
| Manifold Air Pressure                         | MAP          | Air Pressure measured at engine air intake   |
| Mechanical                                    | Mech or MECH | Abbreviation   |
| Mechanical Front Wheel Drive                  | MFWD         | A mechanically powered front axle  |

Continued on next page

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#### General References

| ITEM                            | ABBREVIATION    | DESCRIPTION  |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Negative                        | Neg (—)         | Electrical Ground Circuit  |
| Number                          | No.             | Abbreviation   |
| Nitrogen Oxide                  | NOx             | Engine emission  |
| O-ring Face Seal                | ORFS or ORS     | A type of seal used in hydraulic connections                             |
| Outside Diameter                | OD              | Abbreviation   |
| Open Operator Station           | oos             | Abbreviation   |
| Performance Monitor             | Perf Mon or PrF | Abbreviation   |
| Positive                        | Pos (+)         | Charged part of an electrical circuit                                    |
| Potentiometer                   | POT             | A device used to vary electrical voltage                                 |
| Power Take-Off                  | PTO             | Abbreviation   |
| Power Train Reverser            | PTR             | Computerized system used to control power reverse transmission functions |
| Pressure Control Valve          | PCV             | Valve used to control pressure within a system                           |
| Pressure Regulating Valve       | PRV             | A device used to regulate pressure in a system                           |
| Product Identification Number   | PIN             | Serial number relating to tractor identification                         |
| Pulse-Width-Modulation          | PWM             | Method of controlling electrical signals                                 |
| Reverse                         | Rev             | Direction of movement  |
| Revolutions per Minute          | rpm             | Abbreviation   |
| Right-Hand                      | RH or R-H       | Abbreviation   |
| Rockshaft                       | RS              | Abbreviation   |
| Roll-Over Protective Structure  | ROPS            | Abbreviation   |
| Selective Control Valve         | SCV             | Device used to control remote hydraulic functions                        |
| Slow Moving Vehicle             | SMV             | Warning sign on the rear of the tractor                                  |
| Society of Automotive Engineers | SAE             | Engineering Standards Organization                                       |
| Specification                   | Spec            | Abbreviation   |
| Switch                          | SW              | Abbreviation   |
| Tachometer                      | Tach            | Abbreviation   |
| Tail Light                      | TL              | Abbreviation   |
| Temperature                     | Temp            | Abbreviation   |
| Three-Point Hitch               | 3PT             | Abbreviation   |
| Transmission                    | Trans           | Abbreviation   |
| Transient Voltage Protection    | TVP             | An electrical device used to protect a circuit from voltage surge        |
| User Interface Module           | UIM             | Abbreviation   |
| Voltage (Volts)                 | V               | Abbreviation   |
| Voltage Detector                | V Det           | Abbreviation   |
| Warning Lamp                    | WL              | Abbreviation   |
| Without                         | W/O             | Abbreviation   |
| Wide-Open Throttle              | WOT             | Full throttle  |
| Two-Wheel Drive                 | 2WD             | Vehicle where only one pair of wheels is powered                         |

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#### General References

#### **Trademarks**

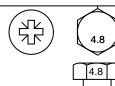
|                     | Trademarks                             |
|---------------------|--|
| AMP®                | Trademark of Tyco Electronics          |
| AutoTrac™           | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Bio Hy-Gard™        | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| BIO-GREASE-GARD™    | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Break-In Plus™      | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Break-In™           | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| CINCH®              | Trademark of Cinch Inc.                |
| COOL-GARD™          | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| COOLSCAN PLUS™      | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| CoolScan™           | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Custom Performance™ | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Deere™              | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| DEUTSCH®            | Trademark of Deutsch Co.               |
| Hy-Gard™            | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| John Deere™         | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Loctite®            | Trademark of Henkel Corporation        |
| Metri-Pack®         | Trademark of Delphi Connection Systems |
| PowrReverser™       | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Roll-Gard™          | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| Service ADVISOR™    | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| SERVICEGARD™        | Trademark of Deere & Company           |
| TEFLON®             | Trademark of Du Pont Co.               |
| WEATHER PACK®       | Trademark of Packard Electric          |

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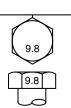
#### General References

#### **Metric Bolt and Screw Torque Values**

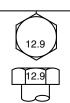
TS1742 -- UN-31MAY18











|                       |       | Clas              | s 4.8     |                        | (     | Class 8.          | .8 or 9.8 | 3                      |       | Class | 10.9 |                        |       | Class             | 12.9 |                        |
|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------|------------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------|------------------------|-------|-------|------|------------------------|-------|-------------------|------|------------------------|
| Bolt or Screw<br>Size | Hex I | Head <sup>a</sup> | Fla<br>He | nge<br>ad <sup>b</sup> | Hex I | Head <sup>a</sup> |           | nge<br>ad <sup>b</sup> | Hex H | Heada |      | nge<br>ad <sup>b</sup> | Hex I | Head <sup>a</sup> |      | nge<br>ad <sup>b</sup> |
|                       | N·m   | lb∙in             | N⋅m       | lb∙in                  | N⋅m   | lb∙in             | N⋅m       | lb∙in                  | N⋅m   | lb∙in | N⋅m  | lb∙in                  | N⋅m   | lb∙in             | N⋅m  | lb∙in                  |
| M6                    | 3.6   | 31.9              | 3.9       | 34.5                   | 6.7   | 59.3              | 7.3       | 64.6                   | 9.8   | 86.7  | 10.8 | 95.6                   | 11.5  | 102               | 12.6 | 112                    |
|                       |       |                   |           |                        |       |                   |           |                        | N⋅m   | lb∙ft | N⋅m  | lb∙ft                  | N⋅m   | lb∙ft             | N⋅m  | lb·ft                  |
| M8                    | 8.6   | 76.1              | 9.4       | 83.2                   | 16.2  | 143               | 17.6      | 156                    | 23.8  | 17.6  | 25.9 | 19.1                   | 27.8  | 20.5              | 30.3 | 22.3                   |
|                       |       | •                 | N·m       | lb·ft                  | N·m   | lb∙ft             | N⋅m       | lb∙ft                  |       |       |      |                        |       |                   |      |                        |
| M10                   | 16.9  | 150               | 18.4      | 13.6                   | 31.9  | 23.5              | 34.7      | 25.6                   | 46.8  | 34.5  | 51   | 37.6                   | 55    | 40.6              | 60   | 44.3                   |
|                       | N·m   | lb·ft             |           | •                      |       |                   |           |                        |       |       |      |                        | •     |                   |      |                        |
| M12                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 55    | 40.6              | 61        | 45                     | 81    | 59.7  | 89   | 65.6                   | 95    | 70.1              | 105  | 77.4                   |
| M14                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 87    | 64.2              | 96        | 70.8                   | 128   | 94.4  | 141  | 104                    | 150   | 111               | 165  | 122                    |
| M16                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 135   | 99.6              | 149       | 110                    | 198   | 146   | 219  | 162                    | 232   | 171               | 257  | 190                    |
| M18                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 193   | 142               | 214       | 158                    | 275   | 203   | 304  | 224                    | 322   | 245               | 356  | 263                    |
| M20                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 272   | 201               | 301       | 222                    | 387   | 285   | 428  | 316                    | 453   | 334               | 501  | 370                    |
| M22                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 365   | 263               | 405       | 299                    | 520   | 384   | 576  | 425                    | 608   | 448               | 674  | 497                    |
| M24                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 468   | 345               | 518       | 382                    | 666   | 491   | 738  | 544                    | 780   | 575               | 864  | 637                    |
| M27                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 683   | 504               | 758       | 559                    | 973   | 718   | 1080 | 797                    | 1139  | 840               | 1263 | 932                    |
| M30                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 932   | 687               | 1029      | 759                    | 1327  | 979   | 1466 | 1081                   | 1553  | 1145              | 1715 | 1265                   |
| M33                   | _     | _                 | _         | _                      | 1258  | 928               | 1398      | 1031                   | 1788  | 1319  | 1986 | 1465                   | 2092  | 1543              | 2324 | 1714                   |
| M36                   | _     | _                 | _         | -                      | 1617  | 1193              | 1789      | 1319                   | 2303  | 1699  | 2548 | 1879                   | 2695  | 1988              | 2982 | 2199                   |

The nominal torque values listed are for general use only with the assumed wrenching accuracy of 20%, such as a manual torque wrench.

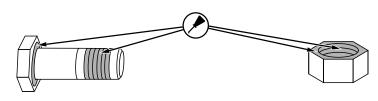
DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application.

For lock nuts, for stainless steel fasteners, or for nuts on U-bolts, see the tightening instructions for the specific application.

Replace fasteners with the same or higher property class. If higher property class fasteners are used, tighten these to the strength of the original.

- Make sure that fastener threads are clean.
- Apply a thin coat of Hy-Gard™ or equivalent oil under the head and on the threads of the fastener, as shown in the following image.
- Be conservative with the amount of oil to reduce the potential for hydraulic lockup in blind holes due to excessive oil.
- Properly start thread engagement.

TS1741 —UN—22MAY18



<sup>a</sup>Hex head column values are valid for ISO 4014 and ISO 4017 hex head, ISO 4162 hex socket head, and ISO 4032 hex nuts.

<sup>b</sup>Hex flange column values are valid for ASME B18.2.3.9M, ISO 4161, or EN 1665 hex flange products.

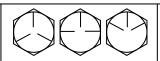
DX,TORQ2 -19-30MAY18-1/1

#### **Unified Inch Bolt and Screw Torque Values**

TS1671 -- UN-01MAY03











|                       |       | SAE G             | rade 1a |                        |       | SAE G             | rade 2 <sup>b</sup> |                        | SAE   | Grade             | 5, 5.1 o | r 5.2                  | SA    | AE Grad           | e 8 or 8 | 3.2                    |
|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|---------|------------------------|-------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------|-------------------|----------|------------------------|-------|-------------------|----------|------------------------|
| Bolt or Screw<br>Size | Hex I | Head <sup>c</sup> |         | nge<br>ad <sup>d</sup> | Hex I | lead <sup>c</sup> | Fla<br>He           | nge<br>ad <sup>d</sup> | Hex H | lead <sup>c</sup> |          | nge<br>ad <sup>d</sup> | Hex I | lead <sup>c</sup> |          | nge<br>ad <sup>d</sup> |
|                       | N⋅m   | lb·in             | N·m     | lb∙in                  | N⋅m   | lb∙in             | N⋅m                 | lb∙in                  | N·m   | lb∙in             | N·m      | lb∙in                  | N⋅m   | lb∙in             | N·m      | lb∙in                  |
| 1/4                   | 3.1   | 27.3              | 3.2     | 28.4                   | 5.1   | 45.5              | 5.3                 | 47.3                   | 7.9   | 70.2              | 8.3      | 73.1                   | 11.2  | 99.2              | 11.6     | 103                    |
|                       |       |                   |         |                        | •     |                   | •                   | •                      | •     | •                 |          | •                      | N⋅m   | lb·ft             | N·m      | lb·ft                  |
| 5/16                  | 6.1   | 54.1              | 6.5     | 57.7                   | 10.2  | 90.2              | 10.9                | 96.2                   | 15.7  | 139               | 16.8     | 149                    | 22.2  | 16.4              | 23.7     | 17.5                   |
|                       |       |                   | •       |                        |       | •                 |                     |                        | N·m   | lb·ft             | N·m      | lb·ft                  |       |                   |          |                        |
| 3/8                   | 10.5  | 93.6              | 11.5    | 102                    | 17.6  | 156               | 19.2                | 170                    | 27.3  | 20.1              | 29.7     | 21.9                   | 38.5  | 28.4              | 41.9     | 30.9                   |
|                       |       |                   |         |                        | N·m   | lb·ft             | N⋅m                 | lb·ft                  |       | •                 |          | •                      | •     | •                 | •        |                        |
| 7/16                  | 16.7  | 148               | 18.4    | 163                    | 27.8  | 20.5              | 30.6                | 22.6                   | 43    | 31.7              | 47.3     | 34.9                   | 60.6  | 44.7              | 66.8     | 49.3                   |
|                       | N⋅m   | lb·ft             | N·m     | lb·ft                  |       | •                 |                     |                        |       |                   | •        |                        |       |                   |          |                        |
| 1/2                   | 25.9  | 19.1              | 28.2    | 20.8                   | 43.1  | 31.8              | 47                  | 34.7                   | 66.6  | 49.1              | 72.8     | 53.7                   | 94    | 69.3              | 103      | 75.8                   |
| 9/16                  | 36.7  | 27.1              | 40.5    | 29.9                   | 61.1  | 45.1              | 67.5                | 49.8                   | 94.6  | 69.8              | 104      | 77                     | 134   | 98.5              | 148      | 109                    |
| 5/8                   | 51    | 37.6              | 55.9    | 41.2                   | 85    | 62.7              | 93.1                | 68.7                   | 131   | 96.9              | 144      | 106                    | 186   | 137               | 203      | 150                    |
| 3/4                   | 89.5  | 66                | 98      | 72.3                   | 149   | 110               | 164                 | 121                    | 230   | 170               | 252      | 186                    | 325   | 240               | 357      | 263                    |
| 7/8                   | 144   | 106               | 157     | 116                    | 144   | 106               | 157                 | 116                    | 370   | 273               | 405      | 299                    | 522   | 385               | 572      | 422                    |
| 1                     | 216   | 159               | 236     | 174                    | 216   | 159               | 236                 | 174                    | 556   | 410               | 609      | 449                    | 785   | 579               | 860      | 634                    |
| 1-1/8                 | 305   | 225               | 335     | 247                    | 305   | 225               | 335                 | 247                    | 685   | 505               | 751      | 554                    | 1110  | 819               | 1218     | 898                    |
| 1-1/4                 | 427   | 315               | 469     | 346                    | 427   | 315               | 469                 | 346                    | 957   | 706               | 1051     | 775                    | 1552  | 1145              | 1703     | 1256                   |
| 1-3/8                 | 564   | 416               | 618     | 456                    | 564   | 416               | 618                 | 456                    | 1264  | 932               | 1386     | 1022                   | 2050  | 1512              | 2248     | 1658                   |
| 1-1/2                 | 743   | 548               | 815     | 601                    | 743   | 548               | 815                 | 601                    | 1665  | 1228              | 1826     | 1347                   | 2699  | 1991              | 2962     | 2185                   |

The nominal torque values listed are for general use only with the assumed wrenching accuracy of 20%, such as a manual torque wrench.

DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application.

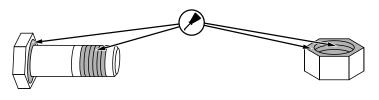
For lock nuts, for stainless steel fasteners, or for nuts on U-bolts, see the

tightening instructions for the specific application.

Replace fasteners with the same or higher property class. If higher property class fasteners are used, tighten these to the strength of the original.

- Make sure that fastener threads are clean.
- Apply a thin coat of Hy-Gard™ or equivalent oil under the head and on the threads of the fastener, as shown in the following image.
- Be conservative with the amount of oil to reduce the potential for hydraulic lockup in blind holes due to excessive oil.
- Properly start thread engagement.

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<sup>a</sup>Grade 1 applies for hex cap screws over 6 in (152 mm) long, and for all other types of bolts and screws of any length.

<sup>b</sup>Grade 2 applies for hex cap screws (not hex bolts) up to 6 in (152 mm) long.

<sup>c</sup>Hex head column values are valid for ISO 4014 and ISO 4017 hex head, ISO 4162 hex socket head, and ISO 4032 hex nuts.

<sup>d</sup>Hex flange column values are valid for ASME B18.2.3.9M, ISO 4161, or EN 1665 hex flange products.

DX,TORQ1 -19-30MAY18-1/1

#### Metric Cap Screw Torque Values—Grade 7

NOTE: When bolting aluminum parts, tighten to 80% of torque specified in table.

| Size | N•m         | (lb-ft)   |
|------|-------------|-----------|
| M6   | 9.5—12.2    | (7—9)     |
| M8   | 20.3—27.1   | (15—20)   |
| M10  | 47.5—54.2   | (35—40)   |
| M12  | 81.4—94.9   | (60—70)   |
| M14  | 128.8—146.4 | (95—108)  |
| M16  | 210.2—240   | (155—177) |

AG,OUO1048,861 -19-02AUG00-1/1

#### **Gasket Sealant Application**

**Cleaning**—Clean both surfaces that will be joined using 100% isopropyl alcohol. Wipe excess off with a clean cloth. Cleaner/degreaser can be substituted for isopropyl alcohol.

How to Dispense, Apply, and Assemble Gasket Sealants—Dispence approximately 1 to 2 oz. of flexible form-in-place gasket on a clean sheet or table top. Avoid using excess amounts that may be exposed for long periods of time. This will help prevent contamination from surrounding atmosphere such as dust with metal content.

Using an ink roller or similar device, apply to one surface of the joint by loading the roller from a plastic sheet and transferring the material in a thin film to the joint. The application should be the thinnest film possible, but

providing complete coverage. This can be judged by the appearance of the joint once it is put together. Excessive amounts of material will cause incorrect bearing end play, extend cure time, and will cause runoff of the material. A small bead or buildup at the joint is permissible and indicates good dispersion through the joint. Excess can be wiped from the joint. Joining should take place within three minutes after sealant application.

Apply proper cap screw torque and sequence as applicable. Allow a minimum of 30 minutes before air test or adding oil for test stand usage.

**Disassembly**—Cured material can be removed with a wire brush or scraper. Chemical cleaners are available for use, should they be deemed necessary.

AA95137,00023E5 -19-31MAY11-1/1

# Service Recommendations For Flat Face O-Ring Seal Fittings

- 1. Inspect the fitting sealing surfaces and O-ring. They must be free of dirt or defects.
- 2. Lubricate O-rings and install into grove using petroleum jelly to hold in place.
- 3. Index angle fittings and tighten by hand pressing joint together to insure O-ring remains in place.
- 4. Tighten fitting or nut to torque value shown on the chart. Do not allow hoses to twist when tightening fittings, use backup wrench on straight hose couplings.
- IMPORTANT: Tighten fittings to 150% of listed torque value if indexing is necessary or if fitting is attached to an actuating device.

Tighten fittings to 50% of listed torque value if used in aluminum housing.

|                  | FLAT FACE O-RING SEAL FITTING TORQUE* |             |      |         |              |       |  |  |  |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|------|---------|--------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Nomial Tube O.D. |                                       | Thread Size | Swiv | rel Nut | Bulkhead Nut |       |  |  |  |
| mm               | in.                                   | in.         | N·m  | lb∙ft   | N·m          | lb·ft |  |  |  |
| 6.35             | 0.250                                 | 9/16-18     | 16   | 12      | 12           | 9     |  |  |  |
| 9.52             | 0.375                                 | 11/16-16    | 24   | 18      | 24           | 18    |  |  |  |
| 12.70            | 0.500                                 | 13/16-16    | 50   | 37      | 46           | 34    |  |  |  |
| 15.88            | 0.625                                 | 1-14        | 69   | 51      | 62           | 46    |  |  |  |
| 19.05            | 0.750                                 | 1 3/16-12   | 102  | 75      | 102          | 75    |  |  |  |
| 22.22            | 0.875                                 | 1 3/16-12   | 102  | 75      | 102          | 75    |  |  |  |
| 25.40            | 1.000                                 | 1 7/16-12   | 142  | 105     | 142          | 105   |  |  |  |
| 31.75            | 1.250                                 | 1 11/16-12  | 190  | 140     | 190          | 140   |  |  |  |
| 38.10            | 1.500                                 | 2-12        | 217  | 160     | 217          | 160   |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Torque tolerance is +15 -20% unless otherwise specified.

#### Stud End O-ring Seal Torque for Straight and Adjustable Fittings\*

| Thread Size     | Straight Hex Size | Locknut Hex Size | Straight Fitting or Locknut Toque |       |  |  |  |
|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Inch            | Inch              | Inch             | N·m                               | lb·ft |  |  |  |
| 3/8-24          | 5/8               | 9/16             | 12                                | 9     |  |  |  |
| 7/16-20         | 5/8               | 5/8              | 21                                | 15    |  |  |  |
| 1/2-20          | 3/4               | 11/16            | 26                                | 19    |  |  |  |
| 9/16-18         | 3/4               | 3/4              | 34                                | 25    |  |  |  |
| 3/4-16          | 7/8               | 15/16            | 73                                | 55    |  |  |  |
| 7/8-14          | 1 1/16            | 1 1/16           | 104                               | 76    |  |  |  |
| 1 1/16-12       | 1 1/4             | 1 3/8            | 176                               | 130   |  |  |  |
| 1 3/16-12 1 3/8 |                   | 1 1/2            | 230                               | 170   |  |  |  |
| 1 5/16-12       | 1 1/2             | 1 5/8            | 285                               | 210   |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Torque tolerance is +15 -20% unless otherwise specified.

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